# HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULES, EFFECTIVE JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998 (ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, JUNE 24, 1998)

### INSTRUCTIONS

**REPORTING PROCEDURE** - Timber tax returns must be reported by the Timber Tax Account Number of the timber owner. The return shall include only timber having the same ownership as shown for the registration of the account.

The Timber Tax Harvest Report is completed first by the taxpayer in order to prepare the Timber Tax Return. The taxpayer must maintain records to report the timber for each timber harvest operation separately as defined below.

**TAX RATE** - The tax rate for the period of this schedule is 2.9%.

### TIMBER HARVEST OPERATION

- A. A harvest on private land for an entire Timber Harvesting Plan, Notice of Timber Operations or Emergency Notice, or a combination of these within the same geographical area, as submitted to the Department of Forestry. Two or more timber owners who elect to combine their harvests under one harvest permit, may report each harvest as a separate operation so long as each owner has a distinct timber parcel and each has a separate yield tax account.
- B. A harvest on public land for an entire timber sale contract between a public agency and a purchaser.

**HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULE** - The appropriate schedule provides the timber values to be used by the timber owner for preparing the Timber Tax Harvest Report and the Timber Tax Return. Nine timber value areas are designated within the State, and the taxpayer must use the appropriate column of the harvest value schedule for timber harvested within the specified area. Timber value areas are shown on the map, and the boundaries of these areas follow county boundaries with exceptions in Shasta, Siskiyou, Tehama, and Trinity Counties.

**SPECIES** - Timber species or products are reported by using the appropriate code as shown in the harvest value table. Jeffrey pine is reported as ponderosa pine. Western white pine is reported as sugar pine. Fir and hem/fir include white fir, red fir, grand fir, western hemlock, and Shasta red fir. Miscellaneous conifers include lodgepole pine, knobcone pine, gray pine, mountain hemlock and other evergreen species not listed in the table. Coastal whitewoods in areas 1 and 2 include spruce and western redcedar. Unsound sapwood logs are to be reported along with the other volumes for a particular species code. Small sawlogs include all species that qualify for this definition as found in the Table 1 instructions.

**CULL LOGS** - A cull log is any log that, when scaled, shows less than 1/4 of its gross volume as sound, usable lumber. Cull logs are to be reported in adjusted gross M board feet. Unsound sapwood logs are not classified as cull logs.

**OLD GROWTH OR YOUNG GROWTH -** The taxpayer must report the timber as either old growth or young growth, providing the quantity in each category. The taxpayer shall use the following characteristics to classify volumes for certain species as either old growth or young growth timber. The timber values are based upon this classification and the old growth timber is usually rated for size-quality.

This system is designed for rating standing timber, not logs; therefore, the upper logs of old growth trees shall be placed in the old growth category.

The taxpayer must give full consideration to all of the characteristics of the timber. An individual characteristic, such as age, shall not be used in this classification. The appropriate category shall be selected if a majority of the characteristics appear under that category. It is suggested that this classification be made by a registered professional forester based upon an inventory or a statistical

### INSTRUCTIONS

sample of the timber utilizing the given characteristics. When age class is based on a statistical sample such as a stand inventory (cruise), it shall remain fixed for the life of the operation. When age class is based on scaling records, it shall be determined independently each reporting quarter. If log scalers are used to rate the timber, their rating must also be based on the following characteristics.

Characteristics	Old Growth Timber	Young Growth Timber
Wood	Produces high quality lumber with fewer knots in the lower logs.	Produces lower quality lumber and more knots in lower logs.
Age	Mature and over mature trees 150 years and over, except in the redwood-Douglas-fir areas within TVA 1 and TVA 2 where 100 years shall be the criterion.	Younger trees under 150 years except in the redwoodDouglas-fir areas within TVA 1 and TVA 2 where 100 years shall be the criterion.
Crown	Branches may be downturned and the tops may be rounded or flat.	Branches are usually upturned and the tops are usually pointed.
Bark	Dependent upon species, bark is typical of older mature trees as described in dendrology books.	Dependent upon species, bark is typical of younger trees as described in dendrology books.
Growth	Trees are generally growing increasingly slower as indicated by annual rings, dependent upon position of the tree within the timber stand. Grain usually shows six annual rings or more per inch.	Trees are generally growing fast as indicated by annual rings, dependent upon position of the tree within the timber stand. Grain usually shows less than six annual rings per inch.

**SALVAGE TIMBER** - The salvage value tables are used for reporting salvage timber removed from areas designated for salvage logging. Salvage logging is defined as the removal of dead and/or dying trees that are expected to survive less than 12-months if not harvested. For redwood, salvage logging includes the removal of dead or down material previously left as unmerchantable.

- Salvage timber includes only dead, dying, fatally damaged, or downed trees removed from the area of salvage logging.
- Non-salvage trees removed from the area of salvage logging do not qualify for use of the salvage value tables.
- Salvage trees should not be reported as salvage timber if they are removed as a part of a normal harvest.

**LOGGING SYSTEM -** The taxpayer must report the volume of timber harvested by logging system. Logging systems and logging code numbers are as follows: Tractor (includes skidding with winch, endlining) -1, High-lead cable -2, Short-span skyline - 3, Longspan skyline - 4, and Helicopter - 5. Skyline logging settings are classified by the actual external yarding distance on the slope: Short-span has a maximum length of 1500 feet and long-span is over 1500 feet. Note that the table values are for tractor logging; that value needs to be adjusted in order to report any of the other logging systems.

**VOLUMES -** All volumes are net Scribner short-log scale (20 feet maximum scaling length) except where indicated otherwise in Table 1. For national forest timber sold on scaled volume billings, the Forest Service statements of account (billing statement) shall be the basis for tax payment. To convert split products to a board foot basis, multiply the thickness by the width and by the length (all in inches) and divide by 144 (T" xW" xL" / 144 = Board Feet per Piece).

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

**TABLES** - The harvest value schedule has six separate tables to provide the taxpayer with the taxable value of harvested timber. Timber values are shown on Tables 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6 as a dollar amount per thousand (M) board feet or other unit of measure. Species codes and units of measure are shown in the tables for preparation of the Timber Tax Harvest Report. Table 2 is shown in board feet and is used to derive the proper size-quality classification of some old growth species.

**VALUE DEDUCTIONS** - Low volume harvests may qualify for reduction of harvest values. Volume limits and deduction amounts are shown at the bottom of each of the harvest value tables except Table 1, Miscellaneous Harvest Values, where no deductions are allowed. The small total volume deduction is applicable to harvest values in Tables 3, 4, 5, and 6; the low volume per acre deduction is only applicable to Tables 3 and 4. Either or both deductions may be used if they are applicable. To determine if the operation qualifies for the small total volume deduction, use the total net volume of all species of timber removed quarterly from the timber harvest operation. To determine if the operation qualifies for the low volume per acre deduction, divide this total quarterly volume by the actual acres harvested on the operation during the quarter.

### FOR MORE INFORMATION

If you need general information about the timber yield tax, or help completing your timber tax forms, you may call the Board's 800 Number Information Center. Customer service representatives are available to help you Monday through Friday (except State holidays), from 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M. (Pacific time).

Call 800-400-7115
For TDD assistance (telephone device for the deaf), call: 800-735-2929 (from TDD phones) 800-735-2922

For specific information about your account

or tax reporting requirements, you may write, call or fax:

Timber Tax Section, MIC: 60 State Board of Equalization P.O. Box 942879 Sacramento, CA 94279-0060 916 445-6964 phone 916-324-2757 fax

### PRIVACY NOTICE - INFORMATION FURNISHED THE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION IS HELD CONFIDENTIAL

The Information Practices Act of 1977 requires this agency to provide the following notice to individual taxpayers who are asked by the State Board of Equalization to supply information:

The principal purpose for which the requested information will be used is to administer the California Timber Yield Tax Law. This includes the determination and collection of the correct amount of tax.

An individual taxpayer has the right of access to personal information about himself or herself in records maintained by the State Board of Equalization. The Board official responsible for maintaining Timber Tax Information is the Timber Tax Division Chief, Department of Property Taxes, 450 N Street, Sacramento, CA 95814, Telephone (916) 445-6964.

The California Revenue and Taxation Code, Part 18.5 (Timber Yield Tax), requires individuals and other persons meeting certain requirements to file applications for registration and tax returns in such form as prescribed by the State Board of Equalization.

It is mandatory that such individuals and other persons furnish all the required information requested by applications for registration, tax returns and other related data, except that the furnishing of social security numbers by individual applicants for Timber Yield Tax Accounts is voluntary. In addition, the law provides penalties for failure to file a return, for failure to furnish specific information required, for failure to supply information required by law or regulations, and for furnishing fraudulent information.

Information individuals and other taxpayers furnish to the State Board of Equalization may be given to federal, state and local government agencies as authorized by law.

**MAP PAGE** 



# HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULES, EFFECTIVE JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998 (ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, JUNE 24, 1998)

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

**TABLE 1, MISCELLANEOUS HARVEST VALUES** - This table is applicable to all timber value areas and shows the harvest values for special items such as Christmas trees, fuelwood, chipwood, poles, posts, split products, small sawlogs, and cull logs. Small sawlogs are logs of any species where the average net volume per 16-ft log for all sawlogs removed from a timber harvest operation during the reporting quarter is less than 65 board feet, Scribner Short Log Scale. Cull logs are to be reported in adjusted gross M board feet. For cull logs measured in tons, use a conversion factor of 4 tons per gross MBF, Scribner scale. Except for split products and small sawlogs, the items in this table are to be reported in the column for other unit measure on the Timber Tax Harvest Report.

**TABLE 2, SIZE-QUALITY RATING FOR OLD GROWTH** - This table shows the log sizes used to rate the listed species of old growth timber. The taxpayer determines the appropriate size-quality code as 1, 2, or 3 based upon the average net volume per 16' log. The average volume per log is for the reported quarterly volume within the harvest operation. It is calculated by dividing the net volume by the actual number of short-log scaling segments. (An estimate of the number of scaling segments may be made by dividing the total linear feet by 16.) Cull logs are excluded from this determination. When size quality code is determined from a statistical sample such as a timber cruise, calculate the code by dividing the total net volume of old growth on that species by the number of 16 foot old growth logs for that species for the entire sale. This rating shall remain fixed for the life of the timber operation.

**TABLE 3, OLD GROWTH HARVEST VALUES** - This table shows the harvest values for such timber by species, size-quality if required, and timber value area. The taxpayer must make the adjustments for the logging system and for small total volume on the harvest operation and/or low average volume per acre on the harvest operation and county location if the operation qualifies.

**TABLE 4, YOUNG GROWTH HARVEST VALUES** - This table shows the harvest values for such timber by species and timber value area. The taxpayer must make the adjustments for the logging system and for small total volume on the harvest operation and/or low average volume per acre on the harvest operation and county location if the operation qualifies.

**TABLE 5, SALVAGE OLD GROWTH HARVEST VALUES** - This table shows the harvest values for such timber removed by salvage logging only. The table shows the harvest values by species and timber value area. The taxpayer must make the adjustments for the logging system and for small total volume on the harvest operation and county location if the operation qualifies.

**TABLE 6, SALVAGE YOUNG GROWTH HARVEST VALUES** - This table shows the harvest values for such timber removed by salvage logging only. The table shows the harvest values by species and timber value area. The taxpayer must make the adjustments for the logging system and for small total volume on the harvest operation and county location if the operation qualifies.

# HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULES, EFFECTIVE JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998 (ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, JUNE 24, 1998)

SPECIES OR PRODUCT	SPECIES CODE	UNIT	HARVEST VALUE PER UNIT		
Christmas trees - Natural miscellaneous species	XNM	Linear feet	0.60		
Christmas trees - Natural red fir	XNR	Linear feet	0.80		
Christmas trees - Natural white fir	XNW	Linear feet	0.60		
Christmas trees - Plantation	XP	Linear feet	1.20		
Cull logs	CUL	Adj. Gross M board feet	9.00		
Fuelwood, hardwood	FWH	Cords	20.00		
Fuelwood, miscellaneous	FWM	Cords	15.00		
Pulp chipwood & hardwood logs	HW	Green Tons	1.00		
Woods-produced fuel chips	CS	Bone Dry Tons	0.00		
Poles & pilings, small (20' - 40')	PS	Linear feet	0.65		
Poles & pilings, medium (41' - 60')	PM	Linear feet	1.25		
Poles & pilings, large (61' - up)	PL	Linear feet	1.70		
Posts, round	PST	8 Linear feet	0.20		
Split products, redwood	TR	Net M board feet	75.00		
Split products, miscellaneous	TM	Net M board feet	10.00		
Small sawlogs, miscellaneous	SSM	Net M board feet	160.00		

TAI	BLE 2 - SIZE-QUALITY RATING I (For use where quality codes a									
	Average Net Volume Per Log	(Board Feet)								
SIZE-QUALITY CODE										
Species	1	2	3							
Ponderosa pine	Over 350	350 - 200	Under 200							
Sugar pine	Over 500	500 - 300	Under 300							
Douglas-fir	Over 350	350 - 200	Under 200							
Redwood	Over 600	600 - 350	Under 350							

# HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULES, EFFECTIVE JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998 (ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, JUNE 24, 1998)

				T	actor Logg	ing (Logging	Code 1)						
	SPECIES	SIZE		TIMBER VALUE AREA									
SPECIES	CODE	CODE	1	2N	2S	3	4	5	6	7	8	9N	9S
Ponderosa Pine	PPO	1	*	*	*	630	630	640	650	620	600	620	*
		2	570	460	420	530	530	560	570	550	525	525	250
		3	*	*	*	400	400	450	500	450	425	425	*
Sugar Pine	SPO	1	*	*	*	630	630	640	650	620	600	620	*
		2	570	460	420	530	530	560	570	550	525	525	250
		3	*	*	*	400	400	450	500	450	425	425	*
Fir and Hem/fir	FO		250	180	150	280	270	340	380	340	300	300	70
Douglas-fir	DFO	1	650	*	*	550	550	600	600	550	525	*	*
		2	550	430	380	400	400	500	500	450	425	300	70
		3	400	*	*	360	360	400	400	400	375	*	*
Incense-cedar	ICO		350	320		400	400	390	460	420	420	370	100
Conifers, misc.	CMO		150	150	150	200	200	190	200	180	180	190	40
Redwood	RO	1	880	*	*								ļ
		2	760	740	670								
		3	630	*	*								
Port-Orford-cedar	PCO		1750	1.00	1.50	1700	1700						<u> </u>
Whitewoods	WWO	70' 1 37 1	200	160	150								<u> </u>
* This species is not rate	ed for size in this	Timber Valu	e Area - do	not enter a Si	ze Code.								1
					ADI	USTMENTS							<u> </u>
					ADJ	USTMENTS			1				
Logging System:						Small Total	Volume:						
Deduct \$10 for volumes v	which were high-l	ead logged (	Logging Co	de 2)				jume harvest	l ted this quart	er is less that	1 300 MRF		
Deduct \$30 for volumes v					)	Deduct \$50 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 300 MBF  Deduct \$100 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 100 MBF							
Deduct \$50 for volumes v						Deduct \$150 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 100 MBF  Deduct \$150 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 25 MBF							
						Deduct \$	I JO II totai v	Tallie Hai ve	T	1 15 1688 1116	an 25 MD1		<del>                                     </del>
Deduct \$140 for volumes	willen were helic	opter logged	Logging C	Joue 5)	I								
							<u> </u>		1				<u> </u>
County:							ne per Acre:						
Deduct \$60 if harvesting				ties:		Deduct \$	25 if the aver	rage volume	harvested th	is quarter is u	nder 5 MBF	er acre	
Marin, Monterey, San	Mateo, Santa Cla	ıra, or Santa	Cruz										
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# HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULES, EFFECTIVE JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998 (ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, JUNE 24, 1998)

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	1	T	BLE 4. VO	LING GROV	\ VTH TIMBEI	HARVEST	VALUES						
					ing (Logging		VILLED						
						. ,							
	SPECIES	SPECIES TIMBER VALUE AREA											
SPECIES	CODE	1	2N	2S	3	4	5	6	7	8	9N	9S	
Ponderosa Pine	PPY	290	240	230	380	380	340	380	380	380	380	180	
Sugar Pine	SPY	290	240	230	380	380	340	380	380	380	380	180	
Fir and Hem/fir	FY	250	180	150	260	250	260	340	295	265	250	50	
Douglas-fir	DFY	360	340	310	360	360	330	380	380	330	250	50	
Incense-cedar	ICY	350	320		400	400	350	420	400	370	340	80	
Conifers, misc.	CMY	150	150	150	200	200	190	200	180	150	150	40	
Redwood	RY	580	570	540			510						
Port-Orford-cedar	PCY	350			350	350							
Whitewoods	WWY	250	180	150									
				<u>ADJ</u>	<u>USTMENTS</u>			T					
Logging System:					Small Total								
Deduct \$10 for volumes which were						50 if total vo		•					
Deduct \$30 for volumes which were						100 if total v							
Deduct \$50 for volumes which were				4.)	Deduct \$	150 if total v	olume harves	ted this qua	rter is less th	an 25 MBF			
Deduct \$140 for volumes which wer	e helicopter logg	ed (Logging	Code 5)	1									
County:					Small Volur	•							
Deduct \$60 if harvesting was locate	-		ities:	1	Deduct \$	25 if the aver	rage volume	narvested thi	is quarter is u	ınder 5 MBF	per acre	T	
Marin, Monterey, San Mateo, San	nta Clara, or Sant	a Cruz			1								
					1								
	1	 		<u> </u>	<u> </u>							<u> </u>	
	\$1 P	ER MBF IS T	HE MINIMU	JM HARVE	ST VALUE A	LLOWABLE	AFTER AD	JUSTMENT					
					1							<u> </u>	

# HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULES, EFFECTIVE JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998 (ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, JUNE 24, 1998)

#### TABLE 5 - SALVAGE OLD GROWTH HARVEST VALUES

Tractor Logging (Logging Code 1)

	SPECIES	TIMBER VALUE AREA										
SPECIES	CODE	1	2N	2S	3	4	5	6	7	8	9N	9S
Ponderosa Pine	ZPP	300	250	230	380	380	410	400	370	365	350	110
Sugar Pine	ZSP	300	250	230	380	380	410	400	370	365	350	110
Fir and Hem/fir	ZF	150	120	90	210	210	220	270	280	200	170	40
Douglas-fir	ZDF	350	220	220	320	320	350	300	350	270	170	40
Incense-cedar	ZIC	180	200		260	260	300	300	300	290	250	80
Conifers, misc.	ZCM	80	80	80	150	150	170	150	150	150	150	30
Redwood	ZR	450	400	400								
Port-Orford-cedar	ZPC	1300			1200	1200						
Whitewoods	ZWW	150	120	90								

### ADJUSTMENTS

### Logging System:

Deduct \$10 for volumes which were high-lead logged (Logging Code 2)

Deduct \$30 for volumes which were short-span skyline logged (Logging Code 3)

Deduct \$50 for volumes which were long-span skyline logged (Logging Code 4-)

Deduct \$140 for volumes which were helicopter logged (Logging Code 5)

### Small Total Volume:

Deduct \$50 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 300 MBF

Deduct \$100 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 100 MBF

Deduct \$150 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 25 MBF

### County:

Deduct \$25 if harvesting was located in any of the following counties:

Marin, Monterey, San Mateo, Santa Clara, or Santa Cruz

### \$1 PER MBF IS THE MINIMUM HARVEST VALUE ALLOWABLE AFTER ADJUSTMENT

# HARVEST VALUE SCHEDULES, EFFECTIVE JULY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1998 (ADOPTED BY THE CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION, JUNE 24, 1998)

#### TABLE 6 - SALVAGE YOUNG GROWTH HARVEST VALUES

Tractor Logging (Logging Code 1)

	SPECIES	TIMBER VALUE AREA										
SPECIES	CODE	1	2N	2S	3	4	5	6	7	8	9N	9S
Ponderosa Pine	APP	160	140	120	280	280	250	270	260	250	250	80
Sugar Pine	ASP	160	140	120	280	280	250	270	260	250	250	80
Fir and Hem/fir	AF	150	120	90	200	200	190	260	260	170	170	30
Douglas-fir	ADF	180	170	160	280	280	260	270	300	180	170	30
Incense-cedar	AIC	180	200		230	230	230	300	300	240	210	50
Conifers, misc.	ACM	80	80	80	120	120	140	150	110	110	110	30
Redwood	AR	300	300	300			300					
Port-Orford-cedar	APC	180			230	230						
Whitewoods	AWW	150	120	90								

### ADJUSTMENTS

#### Logging System:

Deduct \$10 for volumes which were high-lead logged (Logging Code 2)

Deduct \$30 for volumes which were short-span skyline logged (Logging Code 3)

Deduct \$50 for volumes which were long-span skyline logged (Logging Code 4-)

Deduct \$140 for volumes which were helicopter logged (Logging Code 5)

### Small Total Volume:

Deduct \$50 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 300 MBF

Deduct \$100 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 100 MBF

Deduct \$150 if total volume harvested this quarter is less than 25 MBF

### County:

Deduct \$25 if harvesting was located in any of the following counties:

Marin, Monterey, San Mateo, Santa Clara, or Santa Cruz

#### \$1 PER MBF IS THE MINIMUM HARVEST VALUE ALLOWABLE AFTER ADJUSTMENT